

Maple-assisted proof of recurrence for A296596

Robert Israel

16 Oct 2019

There are $2^{10} = 1024$ configurations for a 2×5 sub-array, but not all can arise.

We encode these configurations as lists in the order $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \\ x_6 & x_7 & x_8 & x_9 & x_{10} \end{bmatrix}$. Each of

$x_2, x_3, x_4, x_7, x_8, x_9$ is adjacent to 4 other entries, and those 5 can't all be 1's.

```
> goodconfig:= proc(x)
    x[2]+x[1]+x[3]+x[6]+x[7]<=4
    and x[3]+x[2]+x[4]+x[7]+x[8]<=4
    and x[4]+x[3]+x[5]+x[8]+x[9]<=4
    and x[7]+x[2]+x[3]+x[6]+x[8]<=4
    and x[8]+x[3]+x[4]+x[7]+x[9]<=4
    and x[9]+x[4]+x[5]+x[8]+x[10]<=4
end proc:
Configs:= select(goodconfig, [seq(convert(2^10+i,base,2)[1..10],
i=0..2^10-1)]):
nops(Configs);
```

912

(1)

There are 912 allowed configurations.

Consider the 912×912 transition matrix T with entries $T_{ij} = 1$ if the first two rows of a 3×5 sub-array could be in configuration i while the last two rows are in configuration j , and 0 otherwise. The following code computes it.

```
> Compatible:= proc(i,j) local Xi,Xj,k;
    Xi:= Configs[i]; Xj:= Configs[j];
    if Xi[6..10] <> Xj[1..5] then return 0 fi;
    if Xj[1]=1 and not member(Xi[1]+Xi[2]+Xj[2]+Xj[6], {1,2,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if Xj[2]=1 and not member(Xi[2]+Xi[3]+Xj[1]+Xj[3]+Xj[6]+Xj[7],
{1,2,3}) then return 0 fi;
    if Xj[3]=1 and not member(Xi[3]+Xi[4]+Xj[2]+Xj[4]+Xj[7]+Xj[8],
{1,2,3}) then return 0 fi;
    if Xj[4]=1 and not member(Xi[4]+Xi[5]+Xj[3]+Xj[5]+Xj[8]+Xj[9],
{1,2,3}) then return 0 fi;
    if Xj[5]=1 and not member(Xi[5]+Xj[4]+Xj[9]+Xj[10], {1,2,3})
then return 0 fi;
    1
end proc:
T:= Matrix(912,912,Compatible):
```

Thus for $n \geq 2$ $a(n) = \frac{u^T T^{n-2} v}{2}$ where u is a column vector with 1 for configurations whose first row could be a top row, 0 otherwise, and similarly v has 1 for configurations whose second row could be a bottom row.

```

> u:= Vector(912,proc(i) local x; x:= Configs[i];
  if x[1]=1 and x[2]+x[6] = 0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[2]=1 and x[1]+x[3]+x[6]+x[7] = 0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[3]=1 and x[2]+x[4]+x[7]+x[8] = 0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[4]=1 and x[3]+x[5]+x[8]+x[9] = 0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[5]=1 and x[4]+x[9]+x[10] = 0 then return 0 fi;
  1
end proc);
v:= Vector(912,proc(i) local x; x:= Configs[i];
  if x[6]=1 and x[1]+x[2]+x[7]=0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[7]=1 and x[2]+x[3]+x[6]+x[8]=0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[8]=1 and x[3]+x[4]+x[7]+x[9]=0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[9]=1 and x[4]+x[5]+x[8]+x[10]=0 then return 0 fi;
  if x[10]=1 and x[5]+x[9]=0 then return 0 fi;
  1
end proc) :

```

To check, here are the first few entries of our sequence (including a_1 , which doesn't really fit the pattern, although it will work with the recurrence). For future use, we pre-compute more $T^n v$ than we need.

```

> Tv[0]:= v;
  for n from 1 to 132 do Tv[n]:= T . Tv[n-1] od:
> A:= [12, seq(u^%T . Tv[n],n=0..132)]:
  A[1..20];
[12, 494, 9194, 194743, 4254377, 91004329, 1952733110, 41935988643, 900218672974,
  19325491197627, 414876662231432, 8906447290570770, 191201120842341933,
  4104653067345905449, 88117551274637580431, 1891683137253836217680,
  40610128850592429125543, 871806978658994752760570,
  18715710335873930220854033, 401783676897552179077879448]

```

To find a recurrence, we look for a linear dependence in the vectors $T^i v$. If $\sum_{i=0}^n c_i T^i v = 0$, our recurrence

will be $\sum_{i=0}^n c_i a_{i+n} = 0$

```

> M:= Tv[0]:
  for n from 1 do
    M:= <M|Tv[n]>;
    if LinearAlgebra:-Rank(M) < n+1 then break fi;
  od:
> n;

```

110

(3)

Thus there must be a linear recurrence of order 110, i.e. a_{k+110} is a linear combination of

a_k, \dots, a_{k+109} .

```

> NM:=LinearAlgebra:-NullSpace(M) [1]:
> NM;

```

$$\begin{bmatrix} -60 \\ 856 \\ -1744 \\ 580 \\ -11559 \\ 12690 \\ 33555 \\ 116269 \\ 79163 \\ -160141 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

(4)

111 element Vector[column]

Now here is the recurrence formula.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> sort (add (NM[i]*a[k+i-1], i=1..111), [seq(a[k+i], i=0..110)])=0; \\ & -60 a_k + 856 a_{k+1} - 1744 a_{k+2} + 580 a_{k+3} - 11559 a_{k+4} + 12690 a_{k+5} + 33555 a_{k+6} \\ & + 116269 a_{k+7} + 79163 a_{k+8} - 160141 a_{k+9} - 2554775 a_{k+10} - 4257317 a_{k+11} \\ & - 8304527 a_{k+12} + 9510172 a_{k+13} + 51868002 a_{k+14} + 148303995 a_{k+15} \\ & + 228745614 a_{k+16} + 221065799 a_{k+17} - 514569184 a_{k+18} - 1861129043 a_{k+19} \\ & - 4941208137 a_{k+20} - 7389812306 a_{k+21} - 8047535244 a_{k+22} - 2185999847 a_{k+23} \\ & + 28440071472 a_{k+24} + 93636536075 a_{k+25} + 236175951848 a_{k+26} \\ & + 461954582082 a_{k+27} + 794019237745 a_{k+28} + 1295549706904 a_{k+29} \\ & + 1871390238203 a_{k+30} + 2259825635674 a_{k+31} + 1944668702075 a_{k+32} \\ & - 611456662008 a_{k+33} - 7189868868105 a_{k+34} - 20866773244914 a_{k+35} \\ & - 43632111285963 a_{k+36} - 81984655882440 a_{k+37} - 130412701256303 a_{k+38} \\ & - 199494751280647 a_{k+39} - 255950296458488 a_{k+40} - 317259635279467 a_{k+41} \\ & - 323963326279669 a_{k+42} - 301835023904651 a_{k+43} - 190865708653347 a_{k+44} \\ & - 6650930016244 a_{k+45} + 286096836308549 a_{k+46} + 663659301095746 a_{k+47} \\ & + 1035993556585971 a_{k+48} + 1519857105478959 a_{k+49} + 1647382720623854 a_{k+50} \\ & + 1966204561118204 a_{k+51} + 1705517713004824 a_{k+52} + 1540166193149230 a_{k+53} \\ & + 833074412333719 a_{k+54} + 119026455681461 a_{k+55} - 631761538784627 a_{k+56} \\ & - 1478245466278508 a_{k+57} - 1598727389561003 a_{k+58} - 2012497903584757 a_{k+59} \\ & - 1443689140816223 a_{k+60} - 1481636728203081 a_{k+61} - 493045406654925 a_{k+62} \\ & - 479981080322206 a_{k+63} - 36220304582189 a_{k+64} + 68806466642353 a_{k+65} \\ & + 232142761503906 a_{k+66} + 81845785738057 a_{k+67} + 174617559565581 a_{k+68} \\ & + 73371142209400 a_{k+69} - 249838988495854 a_{k+70} - 56076320775761 a_{k+71} \end{aligned}$$

(5)

