

# Maple-assisted derivation of recurrence for A296393

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There are  $2^{10} = 1024$  configurations for a  $2 \times 5$  sub-array, but not all can arise.

We encode these configurations as lists in the order  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \\ x_6 & x_7 & x_8 & x_9 & x_{10} \end{bmatrix}$ . Each of

$x_2, x_3, x_4, x_7, x_8, x_9$  is horizontally, vertically or diagonally adjacent to 4 other entries, and those (plus the entry itself) can't all be 1's.

```
> goodconfig:= proc(x)
    x[2]+x[1]+x[3]+x[6]+x[7]<=4
    and x[3]+x[2]+x[4]+x[7]+x[8]<=4
    and x[4]+x[3]+x[5]+x[8]+x[9]<=4
    and x[7]+x[2]+x[3]+x[6]+x[8]<=4
    and x[8]+x[3]+x[4]+x[7]+x[9]<=4
    and x[9]+x[4]+x[5]+x[8]+x[10]<=4
end proc:
Configs:= select(goodconfig, [seq(convert(2^10+i,base,2)[1..10],
i=0..2^10-1)]):
nops(Configs);
```

912

(1)

There are 912 allowed configurations.

Consider the  $912 \times 912$  transition matrix  $T$  with entries  $T_{ij} = 1$  if the first two rows of a  $3 \times 5$  sub-array could be in configuration  $i$  while the last two rows are in configuration  $j$ , and 0 otherwise. The following code computes it.

```
> Compatible:= proc(i,j) local Xi,Xj,k;
  Xi:= Configs[i]; Xj:= Configs[j];
  if Xi[6..10] <> Xj[1..5] then return 0 fi;
  if Xj[1]=1 and not member(Xi[1]+Xi[2]+Xj[2]+Xj[6], {1,3}) then
  return 0 fi;
  if Xj[2]=1 and not member(Xi[2]+Xi[3]+Xj[1]+Xj[3]+Xj[6]+Xj[7],
  {1,3}) then return 0 fi;
  if Xj[3]=1 and not member(Xi[3]+Xi[4]+Xj[2]+Xj[4]+Xj[7]+Xj[8],
  {1,3}) then return 0 fi;
  if Xj[4]=1 and not member(Xi[4]+Xi[5]+Xj[3]+Xj[5]+Xj[8]+Xj[9],
  {1,3}) then return 0 fi;
  if Xj[5]=1 and not member(Xi[5]+Xj[4]+Xj[9]+Xj[10], {1,3}) then
  return 0 fi;
  1
end proc:
T:= Matrix(912,912,Compatible):
```

Thus for  $n \geq 2$   $a(n) = \frac{u^T T^{n-2} v}{2}$  where  $u$  is a column vector with 1 for configurations whose first row could be a top row, 0 otherwise, and similarly  $v$  has 1 for configurations whose second row could

be a bottom row.

```
> u:= Vector(912,proc(i) local x; x:= Configs[i];
    if x[1]=1 and x[2]+x[6] <> 1 then return 0 fi;
    if x[2]=1 and not member(x[1]+x[3]+x[6]+x[7], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[3]=1 and not member(x[2]+x[4]+x[7]+x[8], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[4]=1 and not member(x[3]+x[5]+x[8]+x[9], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[5]=1 and not member(x[4]+x[9]+x[10], {1,3}) then return 0
fi;
    1
end proc):
v:= Vector(912,proc(i) local x; x:= Configs[i];
    if x[6]=1 and not member(x[1]+x[2]+x[7], {1,3}) then return 0
fi;
    if x[7]=1 and not member(x[2]+x[3]+x[6]+x[8], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[8]=1 and not member(x[3]+x[4]+x[7]+x[9], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[9]=1 and not member(x[4]+x[5]+x[8]+x[10], {1,3}) then
return 0 fi;
    if x[10]=1 and x[5]+x[9]<> 1 then return 0 fi;
    1
end proc) :
```

To check, here are the first few entries of our sequence (including  $a_1$ , which doesn't really fit the pattern, although it will work with the recurrence). For future use, we pre-compute more  $T^n v$  than we need.

```
> Tv[0]:= v:
for n from 1 to 132 do Tv[n]:= T . Tv[n-1] od:
> A:= [6, seq(u^%T . Tv[n], n=0..132)]:
A[1..20];
[6, 63, 387, 2969, 21769, 159732, 1181174, 8690359, 64100854, 472391582, 3481701205,
25663390294, 189149912070, 1394165032202, 10275815563148, 75739024915619,
558242966775489, 4114589197600076, 30327032266275765, 223528681117250009] (2)
```

To find a recurrence, we look for a linear dependence in the vectors  $T^i v$ . If  $\sum_{i=0}^n c_i T^i v = 0$ , our recurrence

will be  $\sum_{i=0}^n c_i a_{i+n} = 0$

```
> M:= Tv[0]:
for n from 1 do
  M:= <M|Tv[n]>;
  if LinearAlgebra:-Rank(M) < n+1 then break fi;
od:
> n;
```

125

(3)

Thus there must be a linear recurrence of order 125, i.e.  $a_{k+125}$  is a linear combination of  $a_k, \dots, a_{k+124}$ .

```
> NM:=LinearAlgebra:-NullSpace(M)[1]:
> NM;
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 13 \\ -75 \\ 211 \\ -952 \\ 3607 \\ -11899 \\ 37139 \\ -77533 \\ 227127 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

126 element Vector[column]

Now here is the recurrence formula.

$$\begin{aligned}
& > \text{sort}(\text{add}(\text{NM}[i] * \text{a}[k+i-1], i=1..126), [\text{seq}(\text{a}[k+i], i=0..125)]) = 0; \\
& a_k + 13 a_{k+1} - 75 a_{k+2} + 211 a_{k+3} - 952 a_{k+4} + 3607 a_{k+5} - 11899 a_{k+6} + 37139 a_{k+7} \\
& - 77533 a_{k+8} + 227127 a_{k+9} - 567844 a_{k+10} + 631217 a_{k+11} - 1929222 a_{k+12} \\
& + 3687457 a_{k+13} - 630641 a_{k+14} + 2476903 a_{k+15} - 4649609 a_{k+16} \\
& - 20182867 a_{k+17} + 32428305 a_{k+18} + 60624119 a_{k+19} + 87680796 a_{k+20} \\
& - 6077658 a_{k+21} - 89255695 a_{k+22} - 978559995 a_{k+23} + 457960985 a_{k+24} \\
& - 891814277 a_{k+25} + 1590343633 a_{k+26} + 1431180031 a_{k+27} - 5714536093 a_{k+28} \\
& - 5528911999 a_{k+29} - 20431516979 a_{k+30} - 10510060646 a_{k+31} + 1850187776 a_{k+32} \\
& + 47937518084 a_{k+33} + 82919115596 a_{k+34} + 160103639097 a_{k+35} \\
& + 164422661069 a_{k+36} + 201841378402 a_{k+37} + 171844743778 a_{k+38} \\
& + 46885338658 a_{k+39} - 68222315027 a_{k+40} - 524026642801 a_{k+41} \\
& - 717166675018 a_{k+42} - 1389539772791 a_{k+43} - 1037511235951 a_{k+44} \\
& - 1186221021965 a_{k+45} + 371383054554 a_{k+46} + 878091852190 a_{k+47} \\
& + 2424737607675 a_{k+48} + 1409056986740 a_{k+49} + 897934434295 a_{k+50} \\
& - 3248589008156 a_{k+51} - 4802732806331 a_{k+52} - 8510819698703 a_{k+53} \\
& - 7311711493597 a_{k+54} - 5891307676340 a_{k+55} - 1687099916159 a_{k+56} \\
& + 2467556957286 a_{k+57} + 4458566790574 a_{k+58} + 5371398004695 a_{k+59} \\
& + 1768020926908 a_{k+60} - 447096752663 a_{k+61} - 5305712432995 a_{k+62} \\
& - 6115620347627 a_{k+63} - 6911890534168 a_{k+64} - 4821064615061 a_{k+65} \\
& - 2794761636109 a_{k+66} - 587557346812 a_{k+67} + 893469383568 a_{k+68} \\
& + 1111603699677 a_{k+69} + 1616862353455 a_{k+70} + 1043280543415 a_{k+71} \\
& + 1326609919732 a_{k+72} + 1129216580786 a_{k+73} + 1363490591266 a_{k+74}
\end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 1116695860020 a_{k+75} + 977398224998 a_{k+76} + 628498276069 a_{k+77} \\
& + 218217221933 a_{k+78} + 55178404635 a_{k+79} - 208368890821 a_{k+80} \\
& - 195851412004 a_{k+81} - 243186392350 a_{k+82} - 195127888385 a_{k+83} \\
& - 165491916397 a_{k+84} - 119229963803 a_{k+85} - 66848143635 a_{k+86} \\
& - 48347546976 a_{k+87} - 7627237475 a_{k+88} + 7871124360 a_{k+89} + 6468530288 a_{k+90} \\
& + 10627036764 a_{k+91} + 12399903998 a_{k+92} + 4721946713 a_{k+93} + 2136727497 a_{k+94} \\
& + 2233335183 a_{k+95} + 48426922 a_{k+96} - 2037325637 a_{k+97} - 838475623 a_{k+98} \\
& - 204601423 a_{k+99} - 530454296 a_{k+100} + 7559429 a_{k+101} + 264062098 a_{k+102} \\
& + 84146824 a_{k+103} + 3629098 a_{k+104} + 49724318 a_{k+105} + 17424184 a_{k+106} \\
& - 19950209 a_{k+107} - 5074710 a_{k+108} + 2255133 a_{k+109} - 1717230 a_{k+110} \\
& - 553186 a_{k+111} + 190763 a_{k+112} - 252596 a_{k+113} - 1787 a_{k+114} + 36111 a_{k+115} \\
& + 6261 a_{k+116} + 11759 a_{k+117} + 4770 a_{k+118} - 304 a_{k+119} - 309 a_{k+120} - 59 a_{k+121} \\
& - 98 a_{k+122} - 32 a_{k+123} - a_{k+124} + a_{k+125} = 0
\end{aligned}$$

We check that it is valid even for  $k=1$ .

```
> seq(add(A[k+i]*NM[i], i=1..126), k=0..8);
```

0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

(6)