

The rationals $c(n)$, $n \geq 2$, defined in A274342 by their recurrence with inputs $c(2) = c_2$ and $c(3) = c_3$ are given here with increasing number of parts of the partitions of n with parts 2 and 3 only:

- n = 2: c_2 ,
 - n = 3: c_3 ,
 - n = 4: $(1/3)*c_2^2$,
 - n = 5: $(3/11)*c_2*c_3$,
 - n = 6: $(1/13)*c_3^2 + (2/39)*c_2^3$,
 - n = 7: $(2/33)*c_2^2*c_3$,
 - n = 8: $(60/2431)*c_2*c_3^2 + (5/663)*c_2^4$,
 - n = 9: $(1/247)*c_3^3 + (29/2717)*c_2^3*c_3$,
 - n = 10: $(485/80223)*c_2^2*c_3^2 + (2/1989)*c_2^5$,
 - n = 11: $(1722/1062347)*c_2*c_3^3 + (5446/3187041)*c_2^4*c_3$,
 - n = 12: $(3/16055)*c_3^4 + (8000/6605027)*c_2^3*c_3^2 + (10/77571)*c_2^6$,
 - n = 13: $(5300/11685817)*c_2^2*c_3^3 + (270/1062347)*c_2^5*c_3$,
 - n = 14: $(181188/2002524095)*c_2*c_3^4 + (955290/4405553009)*c_2^4*c_3^2 + (4/249951)*c_2^7$,
 - n = 15: $(4/497705)*c_3^5 + (15988040/155409680283)*c_2^3*c_3^3 + (416012/11559397707)*c_2^6*c_3$,
 - n = 16: $(32420068/1123416017295)*c_2^2*c_3^4 + (2682744/74894401153)*c_2^5*c_3^2 + (223/114727509)*c_2^8$,
 - n = 17: $(25851/5643476995)*c_2*c_3^5 + (8409205/409716429837)*c_2^4*c_3^3 + (49871/10158258591)*c_2^7*c_3$,
 - n = 18: $(301/909705199)*c_3^6 + (1713301109422/233400836858808047)*c_2^3*c_3^4$
 $+ (1066033105795/190964321066297493)*c_2^6*c_3^2 + (4270/18394643943)*c_2^9$,
 - n = 19: $(57425882/34825896536145)*c_2^2*c_3^5 + (859704866/229850917138557)*c_2^5*c_3^3$
 $+ (11125766/17096349208653)*c_2^8*c_3$,
 - n = 20: $(77746116/357856262339147)*c_2*c_3^6 + (39343318862281/24291640943843637507)*c_2^4*c_3^4$
 $+ (501010332520/602272089516784401)*c_2^7*c_3^2 + (4762/174041631153)*c_2^{10}$.
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This can be compared this with the polynomials $c(k) = c_k$, for $k = 4..19$ of the Abramowitz - Stegun handbook, 18.5.9 – 18.5.24, where the partitions of n with parts 2 and 3 only are listed with decreasing number of parts.

The Eisenstein series with even indices are then given by $G_{\{2*n\}} = c(n) / (2^n - 1)$, and with $c(2) = g_2 / 20$ and $c(3) = g_3 / 28$, they become, for $n=2..20$:

- n = 2: $(1/60)*g_2$,
- n = 3: $(1/140)*g_3$,
- n = 4: $(1/8400)*g_2^2$,
- n = 5: $(1/18480)*g_2*g_3$,
- n = 6: $(1/112112)*g_3^2 + (1/1716000)*g_2^3$,
- n = 7: $(1/2402400)*g_2^2*g_3$,
- n = 8: $(1/9529520)*g_2*g_3^2 + (1/318240000)*g_2^4$,
- n = 9: $(1/92176448)*g_3^3 + (29/10346336000)*g_2^3*g_3$,
- n = 10: $(97/95600144640)*g_2^2*g_3^2 + (1/60465600000)*g_2^5$,
- n = 11: $(41/233206413440)*g_2*g_3^3 + (389/21416915520000)*g_2^4*g_3$,
- n = 12: $(3/226970947840)*g_3^4 + (1/119101846864)*g_2^3*g_3^2 + (1/11418451200000)*g_2^6$,
- n = 13: $(53/25652705478400)*g_2^2*g_3^3 + (27/237965728000000)*g_2^5*g_3$,
- n = 14: $(719/2637564536006400)*g_2*g_3^4 + (4549/71052758929152000)*g_2^4*g_3^2 + (1/2159576640000000)*g_2^7$,
- n = 15: $(1/62101224989440)*g_3^5 + (399701/19787009149120012800)*g_2^3*g_3^3$
 $+ (104003/150179695009344000000)*g_2^6*g_3$,
- n = 16: $(8105017/2140594626132074112000)*g_2^2*g_3^4 + (335343/728093410249004800000)*g_2^5*g_3^2$
 $+ (223/91047751142400000000)*g_2^8$,
- n = 17: $(1231/3052541356338073600)*g_2*g_3^5 + (240263/1356823484511086592000)*g_2^4*g_3^3$
 $+ (49871/12014375600747520000000)*g_2^7*g_3$,
- n = 18: $(43/2191890574482452480)*g_3^6 + (122378650673/2869224495605750378736640000)*g_2^3*g_3^4$
 $+ (30458088737/9581825773822543008768000000)*g_2^6*g_3^2 + (61/4709028849408000000000)*g_2^9$,

$$\begin{aligned} n = 19: & \quad (28712941/4435312065345657560064000)*g^2^2*g^3^5 \\ & \quad +(429852433/298704690115115713228800000)*g^2^5*g^3^3 \\ & \quad +(5562883/226711267586105702400000000)*g^2^8*g^3, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n = 20: & \quad (925549/1601297871149927775784960)*g^2*g^3^6 \\ & \quad + (5620474123183/13309922545901418042619453440000)*g^2^4*g^3^4 \\ & \quad + (12525258313/589282285090086395039232000000)*g^2^7*g^3^2 \\ & \quad + (2381/34752632908631040000000000)*g^2^10. \end{aligned}$$

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