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V. E. Hoggatt, Jr.
Letters to NJAS
1974-1975

6 pages

Matrices

Arrays with det = 1

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SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

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VERNER E. HOGGATT, JR.

F.Q.J. Editor A3416

A45623

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Dear Neile,

Feb. 6, 1974

Thank you for your request for that reprint (unit determinants) and related items. I am happy to report that if one forms a "convolution array" from the sequence $\{f_i\}_{i=1}^{\infty}$, then the "unit determinant property" holds if $f_1 = f_2 = 1$. This covers "Pascal," and all of its generalizations and sequences generated by rising diagonal sums (such as Fibonacci, Tribonacci, and others). This comes from a new paper of mine with Gerald Bergum and an application of the Hoggatt-Kramer Theorem which says essentially. A sequence which is arithmetic of order r (r th differences are constant) has a generating function of the form

$$G_r(x) = \frac{N_r(x)}{(1-x)^{r+1}}, \text{ where } N_r(x) \text{ is}$$

a polynomial of degree not exceeding r

and further the common r^{th} difference is $\underline{N_r(1)}$. The convolution array may be

analyzed by rows or columns. Since most of the column generators are not arithmetic sequences ... in many cases the row generators are "as proved in the Hoggath, Bergum" paper.

In the case in question $N_r(1) = U_2^{r-1} \equiv 1$ if $U_1 = U_2 = 1$.

(Here we assumed earlier in the paper that $U_1 = 1$.

Thus once all ~~the~~ r^{th} row sequences have common difference Λ , we are home free. (I may be off by 1) This fits an awful lot of cases. Thus we can create unit determinants "ad nauseum"; or recognize those already created. I shall get together several reprints and send them along.

Most sincerely, Vern

P.S. As pointed out by the very busy
D. E. Knuth, the typist lost the last two
references to the Nov Special Issue paper
by you ad aho. Sorry about that but perhaps
a big flag in February issue can help a
little. VEH

Hoggatt

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THE FIBONACCI QUARTERLY

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Dear Neil,

July 6, 1974

Recently I've been deep in compositions. Oddly enough some of the sequences which I discovered occurred other places and in a different context. I am delighted to have the Handbook and also the addendum.

I intend to send you before summer's end some 50 new sequences which are not yet listed in either the handbook or addendum. I might note that there are sequences whose names are not the ones we (at the FA) use in our official editorial work. I shall try to point these out (at least for the record)

For Example 1, 1, 2, 4, 7, 13, 24, 44, ... $T_{n+3} = T_{n+2} + T_{n+1} + T_n$
are the Tribonacci numbers while 1, 2, 3, 6, 11, ...
are one of many Generalized Tribonacci Sequences.
The distinction being that the official names stem from the ones which are rising diagonal (principal) sum of the Triangle induced by $(1+x+x^2+\dots+x^{r-1})^n$ $r \geq 1$ $n=0,1,2,\dots$

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In such sequences the first one is followed by powers of $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, \dots$ then $2^r - 1$ (as in 7) etc then the recurrence can work

$$u_{n+r} = \underbrace{u_{n+r-1} + \dots + u_n}_{r=3}$$
 for Tribonacci numbers etc.

I see most are OK.

So, Neil, you'll hear from me before long!
Note partial sum is sequence 1100. also 1398 is the partial sums of 1100

AA5623
~~3416 = AA551.5~~

Sincerely, Vern

1, 2, 5, 12, 28, 64, ...

$$\left(\frac{1-x}{1-2x}\right)^2$$
 generates function

is the number of ones used in all compositions of n with ^{each} summands a positive integer. Each integer k also occurs the number of times dictated by the sequence but somewhat later (3-2 steps later than 1, 5 four steps later etc. VEH

which shows 1398 is simply the 1st convolution sequence for powers of two 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ...

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Dear Neil Sloane.

May 5, 1975

Here's the first installment of
approx 25 sequences + 1 you
already have 1, 2, 5, 12, 28, 64

$a_{n+1} = 2a_n + 2^{n-2}$ A45623 ✓

As time permits I shall send
you more. Actually the papers
I have yield hundreds of them but you
must be selective.

I am pleased to see the Catalan Convolution
appear in another context (Laplace Transform
coefficients.) I do not have that reference but
perhaps you could Xerox them off and send
them along. I'd be happy to verify those
for you.

Sincerely, Vera

The enclosed book of tables is one of two
we've put out... Please acknowledge receipt.