Scan A4102 RWR QNJAS Concepondon ce 10 sides all to AHOZ

4/15/70 Dear Mr. Sloane A4102 Nonseparable Graphs" should come out in the J. of Combinatorial Theory Soon. acyclic Digrapha" will be written in 2013 months and will probably appear in the proceedings of the Combinatories and Statistics Conference at Chapel Hill to be held next month. "Culie graphs" may never get written up. the solution available now, to which Harary has refered, is so involuted that I consider it unsatisfactory (Hough doubtless better in the limit Hon Parthasarathy's "method").

> Yours, R. W. Robinson



Bell Laboratories

600 Mountain Avenue Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974 Phone (201) 582-3000

February 28, 1974

Professor Robert W. Robinson Department of Mathematics University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Dear Robert:

The numbers of plane trees in your paper with Harary on achiral trees coincides with a sequence I had already. When I looked up the reference I find that

A. Errera, De quelques problèmes d'analysis situs, Comptes Rendus Congr. nat Sci., Bruxelles, 1930, pages 106-110

had found the number of plane trees. The review (I haven't seen the paper itself) says he gives a recurrence for the numbers, and the review also gives the values for ≤ 8 points. Since this anticipates Harary, Prins, and Tutte by 34 years, you should probably reference it!

Best regards,

MH-1216-NJAS-mv

N. J. A. Sloane

fal

THE UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE NEW SOUTH WALES, 2308

7400

TELEPHONE 68 0401

EXT.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

26/2/78

Jear Neil,

about to move offices, your letter of "/iv/77 come to light I died home the THS of signed, worked, etc etc graphs up to p=40, but com to find them at up to p=40, but com to find them af the mount. Maybe they'll turn up soon too! Meanwhile I'm welosing material which may be of help for your and ed. of integer someres, provided its not too late.

Proli Robinson

1400 tal UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE NEW SOUTH WALES, 2308 DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS July 8, 1980 Dear Mul, I think the natures of tzy, two-of tza in my paper unt Schwent are correct. Re reason is that it was done by computer, and carried considerably farther authout any trouble (eg. non-integral answers or stronge osymptotic behower). Because of the latter, our run has better internal dreaks than the earlier one that Harany bosed his table on. The harder - to - control namiable of typesetting errors etc. is equally likely in either; I'll check with Harrowy of Schwerk to see if they brown of any such. all reprints (and one preferret) unto sequences that I am find one enclosed. also two sample listing which are not get reluded in papers, and a list of such listings which have been prepared in the course of on ARGC-supported project. Some of those I'd have sent to you earlier (probably not with the same documentation at the

start of each). We can send any or all of Kese listings that might be useful to you; Kere are so way that it seemed idmostile to ask you first, before shipping a box ful Joshing formand to seeing you in December, Regards,



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21402

15 Sept 80

Dear Neil,

Robinson forwarded to me an account of the errors you found in our tables in "Distribution of Degrees." Bob says he to still has data generated by me accurate up to p=37 with errorsof I for p=38 and 39. I am at a loss to explain how the more accurate table was supplanted with erratic data for publication. I know we were concerned with accuracy, but obviously, we slipped up. In any case, thanks for pointing this out.

Cheens, allen [Schwenk]

7400

Listings of numbers of graphs computed under ARGC supported project "Numerical Implementation of Unlabelled Graph Counting Algorithms" are detailed below. They are available on request from:

Professor R.W. Robinson, Mathematics Department, University of Newcastle, New South Wales, 2308, Australia.

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NUMBERS OF GRAPHS HAVING THE POINT SET LABELLED

Ll	Specially labelled bicoloured connected graphs with m points in one colour class and k points in the other class (m > k and k+m < 30)	
L2	Specially labelled bicoloured non-separable graphs with m points in one colour class and k points in the other class (k+m < 25)	
L3	Bicolourable non-separable graphs with m points in one colour class and k points in the other class (k+m < 25)	
L4	Bipartite graphs: all, connected, non-separable (p ≤ 32)	
L5	Cubic graphs (p ≤ 60) A M.A rosestore	
L6	Connected cubic graphs (p ≤ 58)	
L7	2-connected cubic graphs (p < 58)	
L8	3-connected cubic graphs (p < 56)	
L9	Cyclically 4-connected cubic graphs (p < 60)	
L10	Disconnected cubic graphs (p ≤ 60)	
Lll	Cubic graphs with connectivity 1 (p ≤ 60)	
L32	Cubic graphs with connectivity 2 (p < 60)	
L13	Connected cubic graphs rooted at a triangle (p < 58)	
L14	Cubic graphs with no triangles (p ≤ 60)	
L15	Connected graphs (p ≤ 25, all q ≥ p-1)	
L16	2-connected graphs (p ≤ 25, all q ≥ p)	
L17	3-connected graphs (p < 25, all q > 3*p/2)	
L18	Multigraphs with A points of degree 1, B points of degree 2, C points of degree 3, having D double lines and no triple lines (p < 10) (p < 20 available on special request)	

NUMBERS OF GRAPHS HAVING UNLABELLED POINT SET

Ul	Strongly connected digraphs (p < 18)		
U2	Acyclic digraphs and harmonic mean numbers of automorphisms (p < 18)		
UЗ	Acyclic digraphs (p < 15 by number of outpoints)		
U4	Point-line-signed graphs of the following eight types		
	A: all graphs	(p ≤ 22)	
	B: signed graphs	(p ≤ 22)	
	C: marked graphs	(p ≤ 22)	
	D: nets	(p ≤ 22)	
	E: self-dual signed graphs	(p ≤ 22)	
	F: self-dual marked graphs	(p ≤ 26)	
	G: point-self-dual nets	(p ≤ 26)	
	H: line-self-dual nets	(p < 22)	
	I: fully self-dual nets	(p ≤ 26)	
U5	Self-converse oriented graphs (p ≤ 27)		
U6	Bicoloured graphs having k points of one colour and m points of the other colour, the colours not interchangeable (k+m < 20)		
U 7	Bicoloured graphs with no isolated points. The colours not interchangeable (k+m < 20)		
U8	Bicoloured graphs. The colours not interchangeable (k+m and k+m < 14 by lines)		
U9	Bicoloured graphs with no isolated points. The colours not interchangeable (k < m and k+m < 14 by lines)		
U10	Bicoloured graphs having k points of each colour, and the like number of graphs having no isolated points (2k ≤ 20)		
Ull	Bicoloured graphs having k points of each colour, and the like number of graphs having no isolated points (2k < 14 by lines)		
U12	Bicoloured graphs which are invariant when the two colour classes are interchanged (p ≤ 20)		
U13	Bicoloured graphs which are invariant when the two colour classes are interchanged (p \leq 14 by lines)		
U14	Connected bicoloured graphs having k points of one colour and m points of the other colour, interchange of colour classes not allowed (k < m and k+m < 14 by lines)		
113 0			

Connected bicoloured graphs, interchange of colour classes not allowed (p \leq 14)

U15

Connected bicoloured graphs which are invariant when the two U16 colour classes are interchanged (p < 14 by lines) U17 Connected bicoloured graphs having k points of one colour and m points of the other colour, interchange of colour classes is allowed when $k = m (k \le m \text{ and } k + m \le 14 \text{ by})$ lines) U18 Connected bicoloured graphs (p < 14) U19 Rooted bicoloured trees in which k points have even distance from the root and m points have odd distance (k+m < 30) U20 Free bicoloured trees with k points of one colour and m points of the other, colours not interchangeable (k+m ≤ 30) U21 Free bicoloured trees with k points of one colour and m points of the other ($k \le m$ and $k+m \le 30$) U22 All graphs (p ≤ 29) U23 Graphs without endpoints (p ≤ 26) U24 Graphs without points of degree 2 (p ≤ 28) U25 Graphs without points of degree 0, 1 or 2 ($p \le 28$) U26 Connected graphs (p ≤ 29) U27 Connected graphs without endpoints (p < 26) U28 Connected graphs without points of degree 2 (p < 28) U29 Connected graphs without points of degree 0, 1 or 2 ($p \le 28$) U30 All graphs (p ≤ 20 by lines) U31 Graphs without endpoints (p ≤ 16 by lines) U32 Graphs without points of degree 2 (p ≤ 18 by lines) U33 Graphs without points of degree 0, 1 or 2 (p < 14 by lines) **U34** Connected graphs (p < 20 by lines) U35 Connected graphs without endpoints (p < 16 by lines) U36 Connected graphs without points of degree 2 (p < 18 by lines) Connected graphs without points of degree 0, 1 or 2 (p < 14 by U37 lines) U38 Graphs with all points having degree at least 3 (p < 26, q < 39) U39 Cubic graphs and harmonic mean numbers of automorphisms (p < 40) U40 Connected cubic graphs and harmonic mean numbers of automorphisms $(p \le 40)$ U41 Rooted non-separable graphs (p < 26) U42

Non-separable graphs (p ≤ 26)